*June* 22, 1769. NUMB. 2113.

# The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

*Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.*

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 1.

MONITOR XI.

*My dear Countrymen,*

ANIMATED with the ſincereſt zeal for your proſperity and happineſs, founded, as they inevitably are, on the preſervation of our liberties, I have been attentively watching the courſe of events, at this dangerous period, and obtaining the beſt intelligence from Britain, that I might reſume my office of laying before you the intentions of thoſe, who would by fraud or force annihilate our free conſtitution.

I can now furniſh you with ſuch an account of things from the moſt authentic information, as will, I humbly conceive, perſuade you, that the moſt fatal meaſures are meditated and executing againſt the liberties of America; meaſures which we are called upon, by every thing ſacred and dear to us, to fruſtrate by a firm and unanimous oppoſition.

On the firſt day of this ſeſſion of Parliament, Mr. Hans Stanley, a Miniſterial man, in ſeconding the motion for an addreſs to the King, declared, that the late duty-act was laid expreſly to bring the queſtion of right to a deciſion, and that care had been taken to draw the troops from the frontiers to the great towns, to inſure its ſucceſs.

My Lord North, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, gave it, as his opinion, that they ought to have America proſtrate at their feet, before they even deigned to liſten to her complaints.

In both Houſes of Parliament, every falſe and inflammatory letter, from Governor Bernard, and the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, is preſented, peruſed, and heard with applauſe; while every thing, that might detect them, and vindicate us, is carefully ſuppreſſed; a fate which has alſo attended our Petition, Memorial and Remonſtrance. It is not, that the Parliament is unacquainted with the exiſtence of ſuch papers, but the Miniſtry inform the Lords and Commons, they do not think proper to preſent them, unleſs called for; at the ſame time they are ſecure of a majority againſt any ſuch motion. By this manœuvre they artfully ſecure themſelves from any future Parliamentary cenſure; and withhold that evidence, which would manifeſt the fallacy of their repreſenting the oppoſition in America as partial and factious.

The ſentiments at Court, it may be depended on, are moſt unfavourable to our rights; and no one is countenanced there, who does not echo abſolute ſubmiſſion in the ſubject.

With the preſent Miniſters, every pernicious tale-bearer, from America, is heard, applauded and believed; every relator of truth heard, indeed, but not credited. The agent for the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, was directed to preſent a petition from the Delaware Counties; which, when he preſented, the Secretary of State received, with this obſervation; I ſuppoſe, Sir, this was drawn up at ſome Coffee-houſe in Philadelphia, and ſent down for them to ſign. Such is the manner, in which the conſtitutional complaints of the people are treated.

In the merchants and manufacturers we can have no hope, but as we make them *feel*; ſince otherwiſe, they move only to pay their court to the Miniſtry, and for that reaſon have been quiet this ſeſſion, and immovable by all the efforts of the friends to America.

That you may judge how little benefit we are to expect from any change of Miniſtry, I will give you a ſhort character of the contending parties, from which an arbitrarily inclined Court, will always ſelect a Miniſtry adapted to its purpoſes. Theſe parties are diſtinguiſhed by the names of their leaders, into that of Bedford, Rockingham, Grenville and Shelburne. The firſt is now in power, men abandoned in morals, deſperate in fortunes, and deſpicable in abilities; but devoted to the moſt arbitrary deſigns of the Court, which they are purſuing with ſuch blind zeal, as muſt ſoon and inevitably work the ruin of the conſtitution, or of themſelves. Theſe are avowed and violent enemies to the liberties of Great-Britain, as well as of America. The Rockingham party are friends to trade, to the liberty and happineſs of the people; but to the *ſupport of the right of Parliament over* us, *they are firm*, though in the execution they would be more temperate than the former, or than the Grenvillian party, which, without virtue or ability, has too much cunning to attempt any thing againſt Great-Britain, but are with art, obſtinacy and reſentment, eagerly ſoliciting an opportunity of wreaking their vengeance on us. Mr. Grenville's party is therefore in violent oppoſition to the preſent Miniſtry, on every queſtion but that of America. The laſt party, led by our firm and unalterable friend Lord Shelburne, are the only men, who, on the great ground of liberty and the conſtitution, ſtill think and maintain, the Parliament has no right to tax us; they are true friends to both countries on virtuous principles, and in a Court more favourable to the liberty of the ſubject, might hope for countenance and opportunity to ſave the conſtitution from ruin, and the people from oppreſſion. But at preſent, there is little proſpect of their ever gaining ſuch aſcendency in adminiſtration, as will enable them to compleat their benevolent purpoſes; ſo that all we can expect from them, is to declaim, without ceaſing, againſt meaſures they cannot prevent. We have ſeen Lord Shelburne in adminiſtration; but ſingle againſt all the foes of America, therefore incapable of ſtemming the oppreſſive torrent.

Such, my countrymen, is the true ſtate of affairs in Great-Britain, from which I cannot but obſerve, that the preſervation of our liberties depends wholly upon your wiſdom, reſolution and virtue. How invaluable a poſſeſſion liberty is, how eſſential to the ſecurity of every bleſſing you can hope to enjoy yourſelves, or bequeath to your poſterity, has been already ſo fully explained, that I need not dwell upon it now; nor will I entertain a doubt, that any among you will tamely ſee it violated, or heſitate to oppoſe, whenever it ſhall be invaded. The eyes of all Europe are now turned upon America, and the friends to freedom expect ſuch a conduct from you, as becomes a people animated with the ſacred ſpirit of liberty, and impreſſed with a juſt ſenſe of your conſtitutional rights. That the *means of vindicating your inſulted liberties* are in your power, cannot be doubted; and I hope time will juſtify me in thinking, your *reſolution* to uſe them, is equally unqueſtionable.

Mr. RIND,

SIR,

*Be pleaſed to inſert the following lines in your next Gazette, and oblige your friend,* BRUTUS.

*My dear Countrymen,*

THE times indeed are big with danger and alarm; and we ſtand upon the precipice of ruin and miſery. We are therefore called upon by reaſon, prudence, and a tender regard for our poſterity, to uſe the means which nature hath given us, to provide for our ſafety. Let us put on a reſolution equal to the mighty occaſion: Let us exert a ſpirit worthy of *Britons*, worthy of freemen, who deſerve liberty. Let all thoſe who have a common intereſt in the public ſafety, join in common meaſures to defend the public ſafety. We have now an opportunity of reſcuing the conſtitution, and ſettling it upon a firm and ſolid baſis. Let us not then ceaſe our endeavours, until we have accompliſhed that deſirable end. We claim nothing new; we deſire nothing more than the privileges of *Britiſh ſubjects*, the continuance of that conſtitution which we have long and peaceably enjoyed.

No government can long ſubſiſt, but by recurring often to its firſt principles. The prevailing principle of our government is *virtue*. If we would be happy, we muſt be more attentive to it than we hitherto have been: By that only can liberty be preſerved; and on the preſervation of liberty depends our happineſs. By *virtue* I here mean a love for our country, which makes us purſue, with alacrity, ſuch meaſures as tend to its preſervation; and chearfully reſiſt the temptations of eaſe and luxury, with which liberty is incompatible. For luxury and idleneſs bring on a general depravation of manners, which ſets us looſe from all the reſtraints of both private and public virtue, and diverts our thoughts from examining the behaviour and politics of artful and deſigning men, who meditate our ruin, and would ſacrifice their country for their private emolument. From immorality and exceſſes we fall into neceſſity, and this leads us to a ſervile dependance upon power, and fits us for the chains prepared for us.

Whilſt we live at eaſe, and in luxury, we cannot be perſuaded to ſee diſtant dangers, of which we feel no part. The conjunctures, then, proper for reformations in government, are when men are awakened by misfortunes, and ſenſible of the approach of preſent evils. Such, my countrymen, is the preſent conjuncture; and we may turn our misfortunes to our advantage, if we will conſider our oppreſſion as an opportunity given us by indulgent Providence to ſave ourſelves. The meaſures, for this end, propoſed by our late Repreſentatives in their aſſociation, are wiſe and ſalutary. We ſhould adopt them without heſitation. They greatly deſerve our attention; and the example is worthy of imitation. They ſhould know that we approve their conduct; and our approbation of it cannot be ſo well manifeſted, as by purſuing the meaſures they have preſcribed. Whoever will reflect on the means uſed to procure a repeal of the *Stamp-Act*, and the good effects which reſulted therefrom, will ſurely perceive the propriety of the preſent aſſociation, and admit the neceſſity for ſuch a conduct. Similar cauſes will undoubtedly produce like effects. If a regard to our own manufactures, and a reſolution not to import thoſe of *Britain*, until that act was repealed, did then avail us, the ſucceſs of the preſent meaſure is warranted; and nothing more is requiſite, but an unfeigned and unanimous exertion of our powers to execute it. Let the contention among us be, then, who ſhall moſt contribute to promote ſo ſalutary a purpoſe. Let us not fooliſhly neglect the invitation of Heaven to be happy. But let us from this moment purſue our real intereſt, and reſolve to pay that attention to the manufactures of our own country, which alone can continue us a free and happy people.

*Mr.* RIND,

I AM told that ſince the diſſolution of the late Aſſembly, a large number of Gentlemen have come into a reſolution not to buy or import from Great-Britain, after a limited time, certain enumerated articles, among which is cloth, not to be higher in price than Eight Shillings a yard: I ſhall be glad to know why that cannot be wholly laid aſide. Perhaps the anſwer will be, that there is not wool ſufficient in the country to clothe the inhabitants; a very plauſible anſwer. But have we no ſubſtitute? Will not cotton, made into cloth, anſwer every purpoſe of duroy and ſaggathy for the ſummer, and will not deer ſkins make as good and commendable waiſtcoats as they do breeches? Both theſe articles we have in ſuch plenty, as to make up all the deficiency of wool, and beſide, by wearing of leather manufactured in America, we ſhall kill a bird or two more with the ſame ſtone, for the leather-dreſſer, the breeches-maker, and the glove-maker, will all want buſineſs, and who knows but here and there, a collector may want a little buſineſs alſo, as there will be no duties to receive. BUCKSKIN.

LONDON, *March* 28.

*The following Addreſs has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Earl of Denbigh: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.*

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes of Leiceſter, in Common-Council aſſembled.

*May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

POSSESSED with a juſt value of our happy conſtitution, and animated with a lively and active gratitude for your Majeſty's conſtant and inviolable attachment to it, we ſee and feel, with the utmoſt concern and abhorrence, the bewitching ſpirit of licentiouſneſs, under the ſacred name of liberty, diſturbing the peace of your Majeſty's government, diſquieting and diſtracting the minds of your Majeſty's loyal ſubjects.

As this diſagreeable appearance of things, in the mild reign of a moſt gracious Prince, cannot but raiſe our aſtoniſhment and deteſtation; we dutifully and firmly rely on your Majeſty's wiſdom and reſolution for the exertion of ſuch meaſures as may ſuppreſs the growing evil of licentiouſneſs, and with the greateſt humility and loyalty we devote to your Majeſty, in ſo good a cauſe, our lives and properties."

*Philadelphia, June* 1, 1769.

WHEREAS the Partnerſhip of FRANKLIN and HALL, of this City Printers, has now been expired above three Years, and the Notice has been often given to thoſe indebted to pay, yet, as little or no Regard has been paid thereto, they are obliged (as their Accounts muſt be cloſed) once more to let all concerned know, that if they do not come and clear off their reſpective Ballances for the Gazette, Advertiſements, and other Printing Buſineſs, in two Months from this Date, they will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of bringing them to ſettle in a Manner that will be troubleſome to them, as well as to

FRANKLIN and HALL.

*Philadelphia, June* 22, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to DAVID HALL, for Books, or other Stationary, are requeſted to pay. And whereas a Number of Perſons have greatly exceeded the Time they propoſed to ſettle with him in, Notice is hereby given to them in particular, that if they do not pay off their reſpective Accounts, in two Months from this Date, they may expect to be called upon in another Manner, by DAVID HALL.

ON Tueſday, the 4th of July next, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon, will begin the Sale, at public Vendue, at Peele Hall, on Wiſſahickon Road, of all the Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture of the late Captain William Dowell, deceaſed, conſiſting of great Variety; alſo all the live Stock on the Farm, and Implements of Huſbandry. *Philadelphia, June* 17, 1769. ¶

*Francfort, June* 15, 1769.

ABSCONDED, from the Subſcriber, the 29th of May laſt, a certain John Bradley, an Engliſhman, about 6 feet high, dark complexion, thin viſaged, very ſlim, and wore his own hair; had on a brown cloth jacket, double breaſted, a ſtriped linen ditto, cloth breeches, a pair of ticken ditto, worſted ſtockings, and calfſkin pumps; took with him, a bay HORSE, 4 years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, about 14 hands high, paces and trots; likewiſe an old ſaddle, with a new pad, and a ſnaffle bridle. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Bradley, and Horſe, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, or Thirty Shillings for the man, and Thirty Shillings for the horſe, with reaſonable charges, paid by

† JOSEPH THORNHILL.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

Living in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Market-ſtreets,

A PLANTATION, containing 200 acres of good land, ſituated about two miles from the Croſs-Roads, in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, one half of which is choice wood land, 25 acres good watered meadow, and the remainder cleared land; there is on ſaid plantation, a large 2 ſtory brick houſe, brick kitchen, a good barn, and ſtables, covered with cedar, an exceeding good ſpring and ſpring-houſe, very convenient to the houſe, and a good griſt and ſaw-mill, within half a mile of ſaid place; alſo a large good garden, well paled in, and a large fine orchard, containing about 600 apple trees of the very beſt kinds, and a great number of Engliſh and other cherry trees. The title to the whole is indiſputable. The purchaſer, by paying one third of the purchaſe money down, or leſs, may have any time under ten years for the remainder; for terms of agreement, apply to Captain John Singleton, near Newark, or the Subſcriber, GEORGE M'DOWELL.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from Lancaſter, on the 3d of November laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Jeremiah Hairliky, by trade a taylor, has much of the brogue on his tongue, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, full faced, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, fair ſhort hair, an impudent look, and red complexion; had on, when he went away, a blue coat, lined with the ſame colour, jacket and breeches of the ſame, check ſhirt, brown ribbed ſtockings, new ſhoes, with buckles, and a new felt hat; he is a tolerable good ſcholar, and probably may forge a paſs. He was lately imported on board the ſhip Myrtilla, Captain Caton, from Cork. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

‖ 7ſ6. GEORGE M'DOWELL.

FRANCIS SANDERSON,

COPPER-SMITH, in Lancaſter,

MAKES, and ſells, all kinds of copper work; ſuch as ſtills, fiſh, and waſhing kettles, brewing kettles, tea ditto, ſaucepans, coffee and chocolate pots, Dutch ovens, &c. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon being well ſerved; and as cheap as can be made by any perſon. Said Sanderſon carries on the ſame buſineſs in York Town, oppoſite Michael Swoop's, Eſq; where people who have a mind to apply may be ſupplied, on as reaſonable Terms as at Philadelphia, or Lancaſter.

N. B. He gives the higheſt price for old copper, braſs, pewter, or lead. ‖ 6 W.

*Suſſex County, on Delaware.*

ON the ſixth day of June inſtant, was taken up a Negroe BOY, by John Wood, of Lewis Town, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway, and committed to the goal of the county aforeſaid; and upon examination, he is found to anſwer every deſcription (except his cloathing, which he ſays is changed) of a boy advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, No. 2110, by John Brockenbrough, of Hobb's-Hole, in Virginia. His maſter may have him again, by applying to

¶ BOAZ MANLOVE, Sheriff.

WAS found, on Sunday morning, the 14th of May laſt, in the great road near Plymouth Meeting-houſe, a POCKET BOOK, with a ſmall ſum of money in it. The owner, by deſcribing the book, and the money therein, and paying the coſt, may have it again, by applying to THOMAS BLACKLEDGE, in Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county. ¶

RUN away, laſt night, from the Subſcriber, living in Monmouth county, Eaſt New-Jerſey, an indented ſervant man, who calls himſelf WILLIAM KELLY, he is a yellow fellow, part Indian, and part Negroe, about 40 years of age, a well made ſtrong fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, a homeſpun light-coloured cloth jacket, under ditto of the ſame, ſtriped flannel ſhirt, old leather breeches, old yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes; has a large ſcar on the outſide of his right leg, cut by a ſcythe, is much given to drink, and is very talkative. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by *June* 15, 1769. JOS. SALTAR. §

*Lancaſter County, June* 4, 1769.

RUN away, laſt night, from the Subſcriber, living in Donegall townſhip, and county aforeſaid, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Joſeph Pearſon, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, of a fair complexion, grey eyes, brown hair, walks very wide, and limps with his left leg; had on, and took with him, an old aſh coloured cloth coat and jacket, home made, an old beaver hat, one tow ſhirt, one hemp ditto, and trowſers, old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, in ſaid province, and ſends word, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall or may receive Three Pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges, from DANIEL HAINS. ¶

[ *For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.* ]

*By Captain HALL, arrived at Boſton in ſix Weeks from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, *April* 18.

THE Houſe of Commons ſat, on Saturday laſt, from noon till two o' clock yeſterday morning.

The 4 city members were *all* of one opinion on a late occaſion.

Yeſterday morning the freeholders of Middleſex met at the Mile-End Aſſembly-Room, according to the advertiſement for that purpoſe. The room was as full as it could be crowded, and it is computed to hold about 2500. All the avenues to the houſe were thronged, and above 5000 people were aſſembled in the road before it. At 12 John Sawbridge, Eſq; member for Keith, in Kent, was called to the chair, and declared the intention of the meeting. James Townſend, Eſq; member for Weſtloe, in Cornwall, in a very elegant and animated ſpeech, deplored the neceſſity of ſeeking out ſome new remedy for a new grievance: A grievance which till this period no King, no miniſter, no enemy, no power on earth, ever laid upon this kingdom, ſince it received the name of England.

With the greateſt force and conviction from law, hiſtory, and the natural rights of mankind, he aſſerted the privilege of repreſentation to the people. He declared himſelf ready to run every riſque, and to undergo every ſuffering, to preſerve this invaluable bleſſing to his countrymen, and that he would never tamely ſubmit to offer up his liberty at the ſhrine of any miniſter, or earthly potentate or power. He concluded with a wiſh, that ſome freeholders would propoſe a plan that might ſerve to confirm to us the rights (if there are any) that ſtill remain unviolated, and to recover thoſe which have been violently and unjuſtly taken from us, eſpecially that important leading right, on which all others depend---the right of election.

The Rev. Mr. Horne then made a motion, That a Committee of *Grievances* and *Apprehenſions* be appointed to take the ſame into conſideration, particularly the preſent alarming attack made on the right of election, and at the next general meeting to propoſe the proper conſtitutional meaſures to be taken for redreſs.

He ſupported his motion by many ſtrong and convincing arguments, and it was carried, *Nem. Con.* The Chairman, in putting the queſtion, declaring his entire approbation of it.

------ Adair, Eſq; George Bellas, Eſq; and many others, ſpoke in ſupport of the following motions, which were likewiſe carried, *Nem. Con.*

II. That the Committee conſiſt of 100 freeholders.

III. That Walpole Eyre, Eſq; be Chairman of the ſaid Committee.

IV. That George Bellas, Eſq; be Deputy-Chairman.

V. That the future meeting of the Committee of the county, be called by advertiſement in the public papers, ſigned by the Chairman, or Deputy-Chairman.

A gentleman, well verſed in the changes of the weather, ſays, that in all probability the enſuing will be a *very hot* ſummer, and that great numbers will be carried off.

As ſome felons were lately carrying to execution, they were bawling out Wilkes, and liberty; a gentleman, paſſing by, aſked them what they had to do with Wilkes, when they were to be hanged in half an hour? "Ah, ſir, ſaid they, we wiſh he were our *Repreſentative*."

A certain ſpirited gentleman, we are told, yeſterday, at Mile-End, declared that he was determined, on his part (and hoped that it was the intentions of the whole company) to exert himſelf in making decent and proper remonſtrances againſt the oppreſſive meaſures, as he termed them, that had been lately practiſed; but that if ſuch applications had not effect, he was determined, he ſaid, to oppoſe them, if he dyed his black coat red.

The H. of C. have agreed to the amendments made to the bill for an agreement with the Eaſt India company.

The H. of C. which was very full yeſterday, continued ſitting very late, and met again this day.

Yeſterday the Houſe had under their conſideration, the return of the writ for the county of Middleſex, and adhered to their former reſolution, finding Mr. Wilkes incapable of being choſen a member of that Houſe; a motion was made to delay the further conſideration of this affair till Monday, but on diviſion, 207 to 115, it was carried to proceed to-morrow.

*April* 20. Yeſterday in the afternoon Col. Luttrell took the oaths, and his ſeat in the Houſe of Commons, as Knight of the Shire for the county of Middleſex.

It is ſaid that Lord Irnham (an Iriſh Lord, and father of Lieut. Col. Luttrell, the *new made* member for Middleſex) will be created an Engliſh Peer; and that his ſon will be appointed Colonel of the firſt vacant regiment, a promotion that will not vacate his ſeat in parliament.

The favourite toaſt of the day is, "May the freeholders of this kingdom hold their Tenures as long as their lives, and tranſmit them unimpaired to their lateſt poſterity!"

The militia of this kingdom was made perpetual on the 12th current. It is remarkable the M---ſt-y were all for it.

An incendiary letter, it is ſaid, was yeſterday ſent to a Right Honourable perſon in a high ſtation, enumerating many encroachments pretended to have been made on the liberties of the ſubject for theſe three or four years paſt, and adviſing more circumſpection for the future, or in all probability another g*****l R*******n would happen.

About 7000 troops are now lying in diſguiſe, like Mr. Bayes's, in the invirons of London: All the difference is, that the innkeepers were his friends; it is imagined the preſent landlords are not ſo to the above troops.

It is now ſaid with certainty, that a naval promotion will take place in July next, when the following number of officers of each rank will be made, viz. 6 Admirals, 12 Poſt-Captains, 12 Maſters and Commanders, and 18 Lieutenants.

When Mr. Wilkes was at Serjeants-Inn, Mr. Serjeant Glynn, who was in the chambers, ſent a compliment to deſire his company to drink a diſh of coffee, being too lame to wait upon him, but the Marſhal would not give permiſſion.

When Mr. Wilkes took refuge, on Thurſday night laſt, at the Crown and Anchor Tavern, the moment he opened the glaſs door in the paſſage to go in, he met Mr. Martin, the gentleman whom he fought a duel with ſome time ago; they behaved with great politeneſs to each other, and parted very good friends.

A Lady of high rank, being aſked on Sunday laſt what ſhe tho't of the preſent miniſtry; replied, "I am no judge of ſuch things."

We hear that a Lady of great conſequence loſt the ſum of 25,000 l. a few nights ago at the game of hazard.

Tueſday was paid Mr. Wilkes's firſt fine of 500l. for republiſhing the North Briton, No. 45.

Col. Luttrell's hat was not lined with ſteel, as mentioned in one of the public papers, but it was lined with leather, dried and baked ſo hard and compact, as to be able to reſiſt the heavieſt blow from a bludgeon, and at the ſame time to be impenetrable to the ſharpeſt ſword.

*April* 25. The appointment of a Biſhop in America, is, we hear, ſettled; the perſon, as yet, unknown; the reſidence, Albany.

We hear that a conſiderable penſion will be ſettled on a certain Governor in America, as a reward for his faithful ſervices.

*April* 26. On Monday a grand Committee was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, on affairs (ſaid to be of great importance) relative to America; moſt of the great officers of ſtate aſſiſted.

Many inſtruments, it is ſaid, are now employed by the Court party, to draw over a certain Chief Magiſtrate, whoſe conduct has hitherto acquired him not only the eſteem, but the public thanks of the Corporation over whom he has the honour to preſide.

It cannot but give a general alarm at this criſis of affairs between us and our colonies, to find that the government has contracted for 6000 barrels of tar to be ſent to London, from Hamburgh and Dantzick, at the exorbitant price of Fifteen Shillings and Ninepence per barrel, when there is one merchant at this preſent moment, who has now in his warehouſe in London, and has actually offered to the government the ſame quantity of North-American tar at half that price, and which in every reſpect is of a much better quality.

*April* 27. Her Majeſty, among other examples to all mothers, has forbid the uſe of white bread to any of her Royal Iſſue, and it is obſerved that no children are more healthy.

The petition intended to be preſented, it is ſaid, is likely to meet with a warm reception, as the friends to Ad---------n have induſtriouſly propagated a report, that they are all prepared, come when they will.

Mr. Francis Lucas, is promoted to the rank of a Lieutenant in the navy, and is appointed to his Majeſty's ſhip Romney.

The following bill was ſtuck up on Sunday morning laſt, on one of the pillars of the Portico of St. Martin's church, in the fields; the prayers of this congregation are earneſtly deſired to implore the divine mercy to ſend us peace and ſafety through theſe realms, to confound the meaſures of the weak and the wicked miniſters, to ſhorten their days of power, and to turn the hearts of an obſtinate--------.

An eminent lawyer, no leſs admired for his great abilities than his goodneſs of heart, has declared, that ſome certain meaſures lately taken, are intirely inconſiſtent with the conſtitutional intereſt of this country.

All conſiderate men are fearful of the conſequences which the preſent public diſputes may produce; and heartily wiſh that both ſides had not carried matters ſo far, as to render it very difficult for either to retract.

We hear one of the Sheriffs is, on Wedneſday next, to preſent the petition of the Middleſex freeholders to the King, and that he will be attended with 3000 electors of this county, and very probably by a retinue of another denomination, not leſs in number than 100,000.

*April* 28. Juſt as this paper was going to preſs, we received the following account of the Mile-End meeting from the committee.

At a meeting of the freeholders of Middleſex yeſterday at the Mile-End aſſembly room, James Adair, Eſq; in the chair, a petition was propoſed from the committee of grievances and apprehenſions, and read by George Bellas, Eſq; deputy chairman of the committee, it was received with univerſal applauſe, and agreed to without one diſſenting voice. John Sawbridge, and James Townſend, Eſquires, were the only gentlemen who ſpoke to it. Several ſhort-hand writers were obſerved in the room, on which Mr. Townſend declared, that he was neither aſhamed nor afraid of ſpeaking the truth in any place, but thought it improper that this petition ſhould be given to the public before it had been preſented to his Majeſty, and therefore deſired that no perſon would write it down: He made an apology for Mr. Glynn's abſence, owing to the gout; but informed them, that Mr. Glynn had been preſent at the committee, and had expreſſed at the ſame time his approbation of the petition, and his willingneſs to convey it to his Majeſty, if the freeholders ſhould think proper to honour him with their commands for that purpoſe. The thanks of the meeting were given to Walpole Eyre, Eſq; chairman, and George Bellas, Eſq; deputy-chairman of the committee; to John Sawbridge, and James Townſend, Eſquires, for the part they had taken in this buſineſs, and to Mr. Horne, for his great trouble, care, and judgment, in drawing up and preparing the petition, and to the reſt of the committee.----It was then reſolved, that John Glynn, Eſq; Walpole Eyre, Eſq; George Bellas, Eſq; James Adair, Eſq; John Sawbridge, Eſq; James Townſend, Eſq; the Rev. Dr. Wilſon, George Preſcot, Eſq; Arnold Wallinger, Eſq; and Francis Ayſcough, Eſq; be deſired to wait upon his Majeſty with the ſaid petition. Mr. Townſend deſired that it might be underſtood, that no other freeholder ſhould attend the delivering of this petition, becauſe it might give a pretence to adminiſtration, to play their old game, and miſrepreſent to his Majeſty an act of their innocent curioſity as tumult, inſurrection, and open rebellion. The petition was ſigned by upwards of 500 freeholders; many others finding it difficult to get to the table, reſerved themſelves to another opportunity of ſigning it.

It is reported that the reaſon of Mr. Wilkes not having publickly addreſſed the freeholders ſince his being declared (the laſt time) incapable of ſitting during this parliament, is, that the freeholders having reſolved to enquire into, and legally aſſert their own rights, it was no longer his cauſe, but theirs.

Yeſterday upwards of thirty gentlemen of the Livery waited on the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, with a paper, ſigned by them, ſignifying, that they apprehended the liberties of the Freeholders of the county of Middleſex have been violated, by a rejection of their Member to Parliament, who has been repeatedly and legally choſen by a great majority; and alſo mentioning other grievances they ſuſtain, and apprehend: Therefore they requeſt his Lordſhip would be pleaſed to iſſue out his precept for a Common-hall, that they may take the ſenſe of the Livery of London on theſe matters, and to conſider what meaſures are neceſſary to be purſued under the preſent circumſtances of public affairs. His Lordſhip received them very politely, and expreſſed a very great reſpect for the Livery; but requeſted that, as this was a matter of very great importance, they would allow him a ſhort time to conſider of an anſwer, in which he would conſult thoſe perſons who may be called the Guardians of this city.

The following is a liſt of the Aldermen who, on Tueſday laſt, voted for, and againſt, Mr. Wilkes's being ſent for, to take upon him the office of Alderman, in conſequence of the opinion of the majority of the council, that he was eligible for the office.

*For ſending for Mr. Wilkes*; William Beckford, Eſq; Sir W. Stephenſon, Knt. Barlow Trecothick, Eſq; Braſs Croſby, Eſq; Richard Peers, Eſq; John Kirkman, Eſq;

*Againſt ſending*; Sir R. Ladbroke, Knt. Robert Alſop, Eſq; Sir T. Rawlinſon, Knt. Sir Rich. Glyn, Bart. Sir Robert Kite, Knt. Right Hon. T. Harley, Sir Henry Banks, Knt. William Naſh, Eſq; Samuel Plumb, Eſq; Brackley Kenner, Eſq;

If Mr. Wilkes, or his friends, ſhould bring a mandamus for the Court of Aldermen, to ſhew cauſe why they have rejected him, we are informed the Court are ready to try the iſſue, without delay.

Saturday is the day, on which the time limited for preſenting any petition againſt the election of Col. Luttrell for Middleſex, will expire.

We hear that there have been lately ſome warm diſputes between a popular Patriot, and a certain reverend Gentleman, his friend.

We hear that his Majeſty will go to the Houſe of Peers on Tueſday next, and put an end to this ſeſſion of Parliament, by a moſt gracious ſpeech from the throne.

Yeſterday it was currently reported in town, that a manifeſto was arrived from the King of Pruſſia, inſiſting upon a very large ſum of money being immediately paid him by this Government, for Arrears due upon the concluſion of the laſt war, and in caſe of refuſal, to march 40,000 men directly, to take poſſeſſion of Hanover.

The houſe being ſo near breaking up, is ſaid to be the reaſon that a certain gentleman did not apply for his diſcharge, on making the uſual ſubmiſſion.

It is ſaid that a certain patriotic gentleman, who has, with a true patriotic ſpirit, exerted himſelf in the cauſe of Liberty, and who is poſſeſſed of a very conſiderable eſtate in the county of Middleſex, in and about Tottenham, has reſolved to ſell it, giving as a reaſon, "that he cannot think of holding an eſtate in any county, where *his voice*, as a *freeholder*, in the *choice of a Repreſentative, is ſet at nought*."

It is no leſs remarkable than true, that Col. Luttrell bears ſo near a reſemblance to the Rev. Mr. Horne, the patriotic Miniſter of Brentford, that, were it not for their different dreſſes, and a little difference in their ſtature, it would be difficult to know the one from the other.

It was the whiſper of yeſterday morning, amongſt ſome political connoiſſeurs, at the weſt end of the town, that in conſequence of ſome ſpirited negations, lately diſpatched to a certain northern court, that monarch has abſolutely marched no leſs a body than 30,000 men into a certain Electorate.

Some letters from Paris mention, that the Court had juſt received private intimations, concerning the true intent and deſtination of the great naval armaments at preſent fitting out at Denmark, which have given them ſome diſguſt.

*April* 29. It is rumoured, that the miſcarriage and illneſs of a very great and moſt amiable perſonage, was occaſioned by a fright at the time of certain tumultuous proceedings.

It is ſaid that a great perſonage has declared, that unleſs a certain petition, now depending, is ſigned by a majority of the whole freeholders, that it will not be regarded, as it cannot be ſaid to be the voice of the county.

It was yeſterday morning reported, that a great man in the law, who has lately teſtified his diſapprobation of certain meaſures, will ſpeedily reſign all his employments.

Notwithſtanding the many reports induſtriouſly circulated, the greateſt authority in the law has declared the proceedings of the H--ſe of C-----s, with regard to Col. Luttrell, to be perfectly legal and conſtitutional; and it is equally certain, that this is the general opinion of the gentlemen of the long robe.

We are now informed, that there were 12 council, learned in the law, employed to give their opinions in the queſtion, whether Mr. Wilkes was eligible to the office of Alderman? Nine of whom gave their opinions in the affirmative.

The petition, or (as others call it) remonſtrance, that is prepared to be laid before the Middleſex freeholders, contains the warmeſt expreſſions of affection and duty to his Majeſty; and ſets forth certain grievances with a manly freedom, equally diveſted of inſolence and meanneſs.

"The toaſt given by ſome of the moſt eminent merchants in Philadelphia, and particularly by the celebrated author of the Farmer's Letters, is, Let Britain be always juſt, and America always dependent."

On Friday, when his Majeſty was returning from the houſe, as ſoon as the ſtate coach came from under the horſe guards, it was ſurrounded by a very great mob, who ran up to St. James's by each ſide of it, and among ſome other high indignities ſhewn by them, exclaimed in his hearing, "Wilkes for ever! No Luttrell!" and continued doing ſo till his Majeſty got out at the palace.

When the Houſe of Commons took under conſideration the election for the county of Middleſex, George Onſlow, Eſq; moved, that the Sheriffs ought to have returned H. L. Luttrell, Eſq; and not John Wilkes, Eſq; which motion was ſeconded by Sir A. Gilmour, Lord Clare, Cha. Jenkinſon, Attorney General, Sir Fletcher Norton, S. Fox, Lord North, J. Dyſon, Counſ. Thurlow, Col. Onſlow, Hans Stanley.

They were oppoſed by

Ald. Beckford, Col. Barre, T. Townſhend, C. W. Cornwall, Serjeant Glynn, John Aubrey, Ja. Townſend, E. Burke, Eſq; G. Grenville, Eſq; Sir W. Meredith, Sir Geo. Saville, Conſt. Phipps, Eſq; Sir Joſeph Mawbey, John Sawbridge, Eſq; W. Dowdeſwell, Eſq;

We are told that it is an invariable principle of the preſent Adminiſtration, to meddle with no connexions on the Continent, as the blood and treaſures of Great-Britain, have been long prodigally laviſhed in fighting the battles of the people.

Patents are ſaid to be making out for nine new Peerages, five on the other ſide the water, and four in England.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex.

Gentlemen,

THE manly perſeverance, with the calm, but undaunted ſpirit of your conduct, this day, in ſupport of the freedom of election, has crowned the juſt expectations of the public, and will for ever endear you to your countrymen. The honour I receive in being the fourth time elected your Repreſentative to the great council of the nation, affects me in the moſt ſenſible manner. My gratitude ſhall appear in a way, worthy of ſuch conſtituents, worthy of ſuch a cauſe. Animated by your example, and warmed like you with the holy flames of freedom, I ſhall on every great occaſion devote myſelf to the good of the people, and preſervation of public liberty. In this cauſe I will act under your auſpices to the laſt moment of my life, fearleſs of danger in behalf of a nation, which knows the ineſtimable value of the fundamental rights and liberties of the body of this people, and has frequently cemented them with the blood of her heroic ſons, of her trueſt patriots.

If any further violence ſhould fruſtrate the effects of this day's proceedings, your ſteadineſs, Gentlemen, in ſupport of a free election, muſt, at laſt, ſucceed. The kingdom is too jealous of its noble privileges, and is inſpired with too active courage, to ſurrender the right to the preſent or any future adminiſtration, or meanly acquieſce in being deprived of it. While the Britiſh conſtitution preſerves its ancient form or ſpirit, you will have always in the Houſe of Commons a repreſentative of your own voluntary choice. You have withſtood the various attacks of a dangerous miniſtry, and your vigorous defence of your juſt claims, has rendered all their attempts fruitleſs. Every act of power and artifice of corruption have hitherto failed againſt your ſteady virtue. The ſame conduct, regularly purſued, muſt, in the end, enſure you ſucceſs. The privilege of this free nation will be reſtored and confirmed. You will be reverenced as the patrons of our rights, and every future age will pay to you the grateful tribute, that the liberty of England, in a moſt eſſential point, was ſecured againſt the repeated attacks of miniſterial deſpotiſm, by the perſeverance, firmneſs, and fortitude of the freeholders of Middleſex.

I ſhall always remain, Gentlemen,

Your grateful and obedient humble ſervant,

*King's-Bench-Priſon,*
*Thurſday night, April* 13. JOHN WILKES.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex.

Gentlemen,

WARMLY impreſt with the goodneſs of my friends, I mean to return thanks in perſon to thoſe who honoured me with their ſupport and appearance at Brentford the day of election; but I cannot defer this public and ſincere acknowledgment of ſo ſingular a favour.

My grateful thanks are likewiſe due to ſuch Freeholders of Middleſex as were prevented by an impreſſion of repeated outrage, from carrying their good intentions towards me into execution, and I muſt lament with them, that 1143 votes, out of above 4000, ſhould arrogate a right of pronouncing the comprehenſive ſenſe of the county of Middleſex.

You have many of you, Gentlemen, endeavoured to reſcue your country from diſtraction and diſorder, it ſhall be my unalterable ſtudy to promote its peace, honour, and proſperity.

I am,

With the utmoſt reſpect,

Your much obliged and

Faithful humble ſervant,

*South Audley-ſtreet, April* 18. HENRY LAWES LUTTRELL.

To the PRINTER.

COL. Luttrell, in his addreſs to the freeholders of Middleſex, laments that the 1143 freeholders, who voted for Mr. Wilkes, ſhould be conſidered as the ſenſe of the county: But have not the freeholders greater reaſon to lament that 296 of his-------votes, ſhould be conſidered as the ſenſe of the county.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 8.

*Extract of a letter from London, March* 17, 1769.

"From the ſeveral letters which I have lately wrote you, on the ſubject of American grievances, you can entertain but little hopes of immediate redreſs. Government ſtill perſiſt in maintaining their ground firmly, although no opportunity is neglected of manifeſting to Parliament, as far as is admitted, the general diſcontent which prevails among you.

"The province of New-York having tranſmitted to their agent a repreſentation of the General Aſſembly, it was put into the hands of Mr. Alderman Trecothick, who is very warm in your intereſts; but its rejection in the Houſe was reſolved upon, by a great majority.

"Though there are very little hopes of obtaining from Adminiſtration the leaſt conceſſion at preſent, yet every expedient for

*** To be SOLD A likely ſmart Negroe BOY, between 10 and 11 years of age. Enquire of the Printers; he is ſold for no fault, but being too ſmall for the ſervice he is wanted.

the desired purpose will be made use of, however ineffectual the consequences. Agreeable to this a motion will be made for the repeal of the revenue laws, on the inexpediency of the measure, in which notice is to be taken of the public declaration of the Ministry, viz. "That they were sensible of the insignificancy "of the tax, as well as the great difficulty and expence of the "collection, and that they had resolved *themselves* to have pro-"posed the repeal of the acts, had not the outrages at Boston "laid an absolute embargo on the design; that as six months had "passed in perfect tranquility, and an apparent obedience to the "laws, the alledged reason for continuing their existence does "not now prevail." And although there is little expectation of the attempt succeeding, yet the sentiments of Government will be come at, and some hints drawn from them of their future designs.

"The Mutiny Act is now in progress, which came into the House in the same shape as the former, and the committee have got leave to introduce a clause, which may not be disagreeable to the people of America; but as they may not allow it to stand on the report, it is hardly worth mentioning it yet. The Secretary at War has also a clause to add, which is suspected to be of the most offensive nature, viz. "To give the Governors, or Magi-"strates, power of quartering men in private houses, provided "there are not sufficient barracks, or public houses, for their "accommodation." But this is an evil he is only suspected of, from his strict silence on the subject of his intended clause. Other parts of Administration disavow, and even disapprove of the measure; and I should hope the genius of the British nation will assist in opposing such a design.

"You will observe, by the printed papers I have sent to you, that tho' the Parliament will not listen to the American arguments, yet the public has had an opportunity to judge of their force."

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 15.

*Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in London, to his friend in this city, dated April* 18, 1769.

"Tho' I have but a moment to write, I can't help saying, we are all in confusion here: The ----- of C------, notwithstanding Wilkes has been four times elected for Middlesex, refuse to let him sit, and have at length (the 15th instant) chose a representative for that county, one Col. Luttrell, of the Dragoons: This, you may be sure, will not sit easy on the stomachs of the freeholders of England, and what will be the consequence, cannot be told, for there is fire enough in the minds of most people, to raise such a flame, as would not be easily extinguished.---Thank heaven this ------ M------y have their hands so full at home, that they have no time to think of new oppressions for poor America.

"There seems to be very little chance this session, of a repeal of the American revenue acts, but still I would wish you could refrain from violence, and apply steadily to the encouragement of manufactures and frugality, which, in the end, will, and must ensure redress."

On Monday last his Excellency our Governor, with the advice of his Lordship's council, was pleased further to prorogue the General Assembly of this province, to the second Tuesday in November next.

*BOSTON, June* 8.

*The following was received from Virginia by the Post last Evening, and communicated to the House of Representatives.*

SIR,

THE House of Burgesses met on the 8th Instant: On the 16th they took into their serious Consideration the State of this Colony; and in the Course of their Deliberations, being alarmed at the Distress in which all America is likely to be involved, came to several necessary Resolutions; Copies of which they have given me particular Directions to transmit, without Delay, to the Speakers of the several Houses of Assembly on the Continent, and to request their Concurrence therein.

In Obedience to their Order, I now, Sir, enclose you a Copy of those Resolutions, and am persuaded the Importance of the Subject will be sufficient to engage the immediate Attention of your Respectable House; and the Circumstances of America evince the Propriety of their Conduct.

His Excellency the Governor thought fit, on the 17th, to dissolve the Assembly. However discouraging this Reprehension may be, yet we hope, that our Loyalty and Affection to his Majesty, our Regard to the true Interest of our Mother Country, and our Inclinations to terminate this unhappy Dispute, will be made manifest, and will, in the End, dispose our Gracious Sovereign to interpose in our Favour, and to procure for his injured People the Redress that they most humbly ask for.

I am, with the greatest Respect, Your obedient Servant,

PEYTON RANDOLPH.

*Hon.* THOMAS CUSHING, *Esq; Speaker of the Honourable House of Representatives of* MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

BOSTON, June 12, 1769.

*On Monday last the happy anniversary of the birth of our most gracious Sovereign was celebrated by the hon. house of Representatives of this province. A great number of merchants, and gentlemen of the first distinction, were present by invitation, and the following toasts were drank, viz.* 1. *The King, Queen, and Royal Family.* 2. *North-America.* 3. *The restoration of harmony between Great-Britain and the Colonies.* 4. *Prosperity and perpetuity to the British Empire in all parts of the world.* 5. *The Marquis of Rockingham, and the glorious administration of* 1766. 6. *Duke of Richmond.* 7. *Lord Chatham.* 8. *Lord Camden.* 9. *General Conway.* 10. *Lord Shelburne.* 11. *Lord Dartmouth.* 12. *The late Governor Pownall.* 13. *Col. Barre.* 14. *Mr. Burke.* 15. *Dr. Lucas, the patriot of Ireland.* 16. *Paschal Paoli, and his brave Corsicans.* 17. *The Cantons of Switzerland.* 18. *The King of Prussia.* 19. *The King of Sardinia.* 20. *The distressed Poles.* 21. *Their High Mightinesses, the States General of the Seven United Provinces.* 22. *The Farmer of Pennsylvania, and all American patriots.* 23. *The Republic of Letters.* 24. *Liberty, without licentiousness, to all mankind.*

*The General Court of this province having been convened by Governor Bernard into this town, in which there are no less than* 3 *regiments, and the main guard, with cannon, placed within a few feet of the Court-house, and having remonstrated without effect, have, for* 13 *days past, made a solemn and expressive pause in public business.*

*It is confidently reported, that Lord Botetourt has wrote for ships and troops, to quell the noble spirit of the Virginians. The late resolves of their House of Burgesses, will reflect a lasting honour on themselves, and their constituents.*

*By Captain Hall, who arrived last Friday, we have it from the best authority, that about the* 10th *of April, positive orders were issued from Lord Hillsborough's Office, for requiring Governor Bernard immediately to repair to London; and from the same authority we are told, he will never return to this government.----The deep affliction this news gives, may be read in every countenance.*

*We hear there are associations entered into in England, truly formidable to those who have dared to invade the rights of the people.*

*Great commotions all over England; in London it is said that not less than* 110,000 *were assembled at one time, on account of Mr. Wilkes's place being assumed by Col. Luttrell; the whole county of Middlesex are about presenting a petition to his Majesty, in which the Americans are particularly noticed. It is said much depends upon the success of this petition.*

*By all the accounts from London, we find that an eminent politician among us, is not only come to the end of his tether, but has helped to bring greater folks than himself into the same beastly situation.*

*The Public may be assured, that the following Intelligence comes from Gentlemen of distinction (our Friends) on the other Side of the Water, by the last Vessel from London.-----They write,*

*"That the parliament remain fix'd in their resolution not to repeal the duty acts this session; and will rise the first of May. They hope the People here will remain as fixed in their resolution of industry and frugality, till those acts are repealed. And if they could be sure of that, they should almost wish them never to be repealed; being persuaded that we shall reap more solid and extensive advantages from the steady practice of those two great virtues, than we can possibly suffer damage from all the duties the parliament can levy on us. The Friends to the late severe measures flatter themselves, that we cannot long subsist without their manufactures; --- they believe that we have not virtue enough to persist in such agreements;---they imagine the colonies will differ among themselves, deceive and desert one another, and quietly, one after another, submit to the yoke, and return to the use of British fineries;---they think that tho' the men may be contented with homespun stuffs, the women will never get the better of their vanity and fondness for English modes and gewgaws. The ministerial people all talk in this strain, and even many of the merchants.---If, under all the insults and oppressions we are now exposed to, we can prudently, as we have lately done, continue quiet, avoiding tumults, but still resolutely keeping up our claims, and asserting our rights, we shall finally establish them; and this military cloud that now blusters over us, will pass away, and do us no more harm than a summer thunder shower.---But the advantages of our perseverance in industry and frugality, will be great and permanent: Our debts will be paid; our farms will be better improved, and yield a greater produce: Our real wealth will increase in a plenty of every useful home production, and all the true enjoyments of life, even tho' no foreign trade should be allowed us: ---- All Ireland is strongly in favour of the American cause. They have reason to sympathize with us.*

NEW-YORK, June 19.

*Some Advices from Albany assure us, the Disputes with the Indians at Detroit, were amicably adjusted, and Peace again settled:---They say, the pretences of the quarrel were, that the Indians had never been paid for the lands on which the French inhabitants had settled near Detroit; and for which they have now had satisfaction:---Sir William Johnson was also returned home again.*

*Last Week arrived here, by way of New-London, Capt. Noah Scovel, late of the Sloop Union, of this Port, who, on the* 12th *of April last, in a very sudden, and uncommonly violent Gale of Wind, was forced from her Anchors, and drove ashore, in the Road of the Island of Dominica, near Midnight,* 5 *Days after his arrival there; whereby the Vessel was lost, and part of her Cargoe:----Several other Vessels were drove from their Anchors, some of whom happily got out to Sea:--A London Ship, Capt. Barras, rode it out with Difficulty, Part of her Cargoe being taken out.------His Majesty's Ship the Jason, Captain Antrobus, stood out to Sea, and we hear has since arrived in Prince Rupert's Bay. Nothing contributed (under God) more to the Preservation of the numerous Vessels then lying in the Road, than the Prudence and Skill of the Masters of the respective Ships, who exerted themselves, aided by their Crews, in an uncommon Manner.*

By a letter from St. Eustatia, we learn, That they had advice there from the Streights, that an English vessel had been lately made a prize of, on her voyage from England for Corsica, by a French man of war.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.

Captain Miller, from St. Eustatia, on the 11th Instant, off of Cape Henry, spoke a Ship from Virginia for London, out one Day; and the next Day he spoke a Sloop from Montserrat for New-London, out 12 Days, all well.

Captain Conyngham, from Antigua, on the 10th Instant, in Lat. 23: 29, Long. 71, spoke the Ship Rebecca, Captain Todd, from Jamaica for London, out 25 Days; and on the 14th, in Lat. 37, Long. 73, he spoke the Sloop Polly, Captain Conyers, from this Port for Barbados, all well.

By Captain Castles, from Lisbon, we learn, that about the 8th of March, an Account was received there, that the Captains Watson and Oliver, from Pool, were lost on Port Bar, and that both the Captains, and Part of the Crews, perished. On the 23d ult. in Lat. 28: 33, Long. 44, he spoke a Brig, Captain Coldstream, from Milford for South-Carolina, 4 Weeks out; 25th, in Lat. 29, Long. 46, spoke a Ship, Captain Bailey, from Bremen for Charlestown, 5 Weeks out; and on the 15th Instant, in Lat. 38: 23, Long. 70, he spoke the Sloop Hunter, Captain Crawford, from this Port for St. Croix, all well.

Captain Blair, from Newry, on the 5th Instant, in Lat. 35: 10, Long. 66, spoke Captain Bridges, for Barbados from this Place, 6 Days out, all well.

By Captain Bingley, from Lisbon, we are informed, it was currently reported there, that the Governor of Gibraltar had received Orders from England, to act with Vigilance against the Moors; and that like Orders had been sent to the different Commanders in the Mediterranean. Captain Bingley, on his Passage, spoke with Captain Leech from Lisbon for this Port.

Captain Wood, from South-Carolina, on the 14th Instant, in Lat. 34: 23, Long. 75: 30, spoke a Ship, Captain Cuthbert, from Boston for Cape-Fear; and on the 18th, off of Phenix's Island, he spoke a Sloop from Boston for Virginia, all well.

By Captain Kemp, from Providence, we learn, That his Majesty's Sloop Bonetta, Captain Wallace, is arrived there from the Havanna, where she had been to demand Restitution of the Bahamian Vessels, as mentioned in No. 2109 of this Gazette; that the Governor of the Havanna behaved very politely; restored the Vessels and Effects, disclaimed the Seizure, and cashiered the Officer who made it; that one of the Vessels is arrived at Providence, and the others daily expected.

With Captain Kemp came Passengers John Rainey, late belonging to the Sloop Seaflower, Captain Whitpain, bound to this Port from the Bay of Honduras, who, on the 8th of May, was unfortunately cast away on Cape Florida; the Vessel entirely lost, but the People, and greatest Part of the Cargoe, saved. And Matthew Revel, late Mate of the Sloop Friendship, Captain Vickers, bound to North-Carolina from Jamaica, who informs, that the said Vessel was cast away on the Colleradoes on the 6th of May, and entirely lost, together with the Cargoe; that the People took to their Boat, and got to the Havanna, where they were confined for some Days, till the Arrival of the Bonetta Man of War, in which they got a Passage to Providence,

Captain Peel, from Madeira, on the 3d Instant, in Lat. 28, Long. 73, spoke with Captain West, in a Brig from this Place for Jamaica, 13 Days out, all well.

We hear that in the Lutheran New Church of Zion, in Fourth-street, in this City, Divine Service will be performed, for the first Time, on Sunday next. And on Monday, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, there will likewise be Divine Service, and a Sermon in English, to be preached by the Rev. Mr. PETERS, Rector of the united Congregations of Christ-Church and St. Peter's.

On Sunday Morning last a Lad, about 17 Years of Age, went into the River to wash himself, at the upper End of this City, and, by accidentally going out of his Depth, was unfortunately drowned.

ARRIVALS.

*From Philadelphia.* Captains Fortin, Leech, Mackey, Barber, Drew (last from Virginia) Hardie, Nuttle, Davidson, and Moore, at Lisbon; Captain Thompson, at Jamaica; Captains Walker, and Berwick, at Antigua; and Captain Hutchings (last from Virginia) at St. Eustatia.

*At Antigua.* Captains Shannon, Bailey, Ervens, Sampson, Sturdivant, Kennedy, Wise, M'Phane, Gurton, and Steed, from Virginia; Heel, from Maryland; Lattimer, and Perkins, from New-London; Trowbridge, from New-Haven; M'Clelland, from Falmouth; and Captain Hill, from New-England.

*At Charlestown, in South-Carolina.* Captain Parsons, from Virginia; and Captain Hunt, from New-York.

*** The Extracts from the Votes of the House of ASSEMBLY of the Lower Counties, were received too late for this Week's Paper, and must therefore be deferred till our next.

☞ To-morrow Evening, at the Assembly Room, will be read the first Act of the MAID OF THE MILL, an OPERA; it is not possible to read more, as the Songs are long, and many. §

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, from Salem, N. E. Ship Pennsylvania Farmer, J. Blair, Newry. Ship Rachel, J. Hanse, and Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Jamaica. Brig Willing Maid, W. Shroudy, St. Croix. Schooner Hannah, J. Wood, Montserrat. Brig Cornelia, B. Peel, Madeira. Sloop Susannah, J. Kemp, N. Providence. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, St. Eustatia. Schooner Betsy, W. Martin, Maryland. Ship Friendship, J. Castle, and Brig Dolphin, E. Bingley, Lisbon. Sloop Abigail T. Thurstan, R. Island. Sloop Polly, S. Wood, S. Carolina. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowney, from Halifax.

OUTWARDS. Brig Hawke, B. Matthews, for Dublin. Brig Greyhound, J. Hazelwood, Dominica. Ship Rachel, J. Hanse, Jamaica. Snow Polly, J. Allenson, Leghorn. Brig Peggy, J. Doble, Newfoundland. Sloop Success, J. Byrne, and Schooner Kensington, J. Moon, St. Eustatia. Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Cork.

CLEARED. Sloop Potomack, S. Sydebotham, Sloop Rennie, E. Higgins, and Snow Sally, E. Spain, to Maryland. Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, Barbados. Snow Sarah, P. Hunter, Oporto. Brig Sally, J. Whitmarsh, Quebec. Sloop Elizabeth, J. Conyngham, N. Carolina. Sloop Diana, T. Finley, and Brig Lovely Lass, A. Waid, Jamaica. Brig Carolina, E. Yorke, Antigua. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, and Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Lisbon. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, R. Richardson, St. Croix. Brig Ann and Catherine, P. Currie, Newfoundland. Brig Nancy, D. Dingee, N. Castle, on Delaware. Brig Molly, T. Sullivan, to Liverpool.


*To be SOLD, by public vendue, on Saturday, the first of July next, at noon, at the London Coffee-House,*

The FAMOUS HORSE

NORTHUMBERLAND,

BRED by Lord Mazareen, in Ireland, and got by Old England, son to the Goldophin Arabian, and own Brother to his Grace the Duke of Ancaster's famous stallion Blank, sire to Lottery, his dam by Mr. Panton's noted Crab, his grandam by Old Partner, which was Mr. Panton's famous Witherington mare, his dam was also the dam of Ferdinand, high bred Frosty-face, and Mercury, and own sister to Shepherd's Crab. Northumberland is fifteen hands high, strong, boney, and beautiful; he won, with ease, the HUNDRED POUNDS purse at Philadelphia, in October last, and three weeks after won a subscription purse, beating over the New-market course, on Hampstead Plains, some very capital racers.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1769.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, last Saturday, from the Subscriber, living in this city, an apprentice lad, named Jacob Krotehous, this country born, of German parents, by trade a skin-dresser, is about 19 years of age, and about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a fresh coloured face, a few marks of the small-pox, a short thick nose, a down look, short yellowish hair, and is strong made; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, a check shirt and trowsers, thread stockings, a pair of shoes, with yellow buckles in them: As he had neither coat nor jacket with him, it is likely he will try to get them on the road. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice, in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his mistress may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by RACHEL HAWN. ‖

*To be SOLD by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-House, to the highest Bidder, on the Twentieth of July next, betwixt Seven and Eight o' Clock in the Evening,*

A NEW Brick House, two Stories high, 16 Feet front, by 19 Feet deep, well finished, with a good Cellar under the whole, situated on a Corner Lot of 24 Feet front, on the West-side of Fourth-street, and 49 Feet and a Half deep, on the North-side of Cherry-street; whereon is also erected a framed Building, at present a Wheelwright's Shop, but suitable for many other Uses. The said Lot is subject to a Groundrent of Twenty-four Dollars per Annum, which may be bought off, if desired. Any Person inclining to view the said Houses before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subscriber, living therein, and be shewn the same. JACOB KINNARD. ‡

THE owners of land on Greenwich Island, are desired to meet at the Court-house in Philadelphia, on the first Monday in July next, there to choose five managers, and a treasurer, for the said island. And at the same time and place, those that are interested in the Road and Bridge, are desired to meet and choose five directors, and a treasurer, for the Road and Bridge Company. †

BY Virtue of an Advertisement, dated April 19, 1769, at Salem, West New-Jersey, and signed by Thomas Hartley, Daniel Lithcow, and Peter Ambler, to apprehend a certain Doctor Thomas Ogle, this is to let said Subscribers know, that he is apprehended, and now confined in York Goal, York-Town, Pennsylvania, by Virtue of said Advertisement; and those who subscribed, are desired to come immediately, and make some Fact appear against him, or he will be discharged, and they sued for the Reward offered by them.

N. B. Said Ogle has the Watch and Fustian mentioned in the Advertisement, and was taken up by Alexander Ramsay, living in York-Town. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

THIS is to give notice there is printed, and to be sold by the publisher, living in Pewter-platter-alley, near Second-street, The Substance of a Discourse taken down in short hand, as was spoken by a female Friend, from Old England; also a prayer by another Friend, delivered on the same morning, the 3d day of last Fifth Month, at the Friends Meeting-house, in Pine-street, Philadelphia; being the time a marriage was celebrated; to which is added, a short preface by the Editor.

The subscriber still continues keeping school, where youth are carefully taught to read, write and understand merchants accompts in a most correct manner; and short hand writing; the same being an easy and speedy method to write down any discourse as delivered; the knowledge of which may be easily attained in a few weeks. WILLIAM DARRAGH, School-master, and teacher of Stenography. §

*Philadelphia, June* 22, 1769.

WAS taken up, feeding in a meadow, between Moyamensing and Gloucester Point, a bay MARE, about 14 hands high, appears to be aged. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay the charges and damages, and take her away, within ten days, otherwise she will be sold for the same. She is now at GEORGE ZELLER's stables, at the corner of Third and Race streets. ¶

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Gloucester county, the 11th day of this instant June, a Mulattoe slave, named RICHARD, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, slim built, thin faced, a very large nose, marked with the small-pox, the thumb of his left hand has been badly cut, and is much less than the other; had on, when he went away, a good ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a homespun striped jacket, with sleeves, ozenbrigs frock, old felt hat, full of small shot holes; he also took with him a very likely black DOG, half blood-hound, had 3 white feet, and some white on his breast, a very long tail, with a little white on the end of it. The said Mulattoe was seen at the mouth of Cooper's creek, and it is thought he has crossed the river, and gone to Kensington. Whoever takes up the said Mulattoe and Dog, shall have Three Pounds reward for both, but for the Mulattoe alone Two Pounds, and for the Dog, without him, Twenty Shillings, paid by THOMAS FRY, or PETER HOWARD, living near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber, living in Bethel township, Chester county, out of a pasture, on the 16th of this instant June, a bright bay MARE, 5 years old, about 14 hands high, black mane and tail, bobbed short, round bodied, and a natural trotter, has shoes on before, with steel toes, for drawing. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may get her again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward; but if stolen, and will secure both mare and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN FORD. ‖

TO be SOLD, the 1st day of July next, at public vendue, in the Borough of Bristol, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, A valuable LOT, containing about 3 acres of good LAND; whereon there is a large brick house and kitchen, 2 stories high, a convenient shop for a shoemaker, or several other trades, a bearing orchard, of about 70 apple-trees. The conditions of sale to be made known at the time and place, by me §

SAMUEL BURGES.

N. B. Likewise to be SOLD at the same time and place, several sorts of HOUSHOLD GOODS.

*** To be SOLD, A LIKELY healthy Negroe Man, about Twenty-four Years of Age, understands attending a Table, taking Care of Horses, and is fit for any Work that requires Strength. Enquire of SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Esq; in York-Town,

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,
On the 5th day of July next, by the Subscriber, living in Radnor township, Chester county,

A PLANTATION, situate in the aforesaid township, 13 miles from Philadelphia, and nearly adjoining the road leading to Lancaster, containing about 200 acres of good land, near (or about) one half cleared, the rest well timbered; there is on said place a good dwelling-house, barn, stables, and out-houses, a considerable quantity of watered meadow already, and more may be made, also a large bearing orchard of the best grafted fruit, and a constant spring of water near the door, with a house over the same. The whole will be sold together, or divided, as may best suit the purchaser. The conditions of sale will be made known, at the time and place aforesaid, by

¶ DAVID REES.

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*TO BE SOLD,*

A TRACT of LAND, situate in Pilesgrove, Salem county, West-Jersey, containing about 300 acres of upland, and 10 acres of meadow, divided into two settlements; on one of which there are a large brick house, brick kitchen, with a good stone cellar under the whole, a good apple orchard, large barn, and about 60 acres of cleared land; on the other there are, a square cedar log-house, 24 by 20 feet, about 20 acres of upland cleared, a good young bearing apple and peach orchard, 8 acres of meadow cleared, and about 20 acres of white oak swamp may be cleared. Likewise to be sold two tracts, containing about 140 acres each, adjoining the above, all lying in a square body together; about 20 acres of cleared land, with log buildings on each tract, and about 20 acres of good white oak swamp to each, part of it cleared; some part lying in Manington, adjoining Joseph Sharp's land; the whole about 6 miles from Salem; and will be sold all together, or in separate tracts, as may suit the purchasers. For further particulars, enquire of Richard Sparks, at the Three Tuns, within a mile of the premises, or of Alexander, John, and Moses Hill, in Lower Penn's Neck, Salem county. Whoever inclines to purchase, shall have reasonable times of payment for the same. ¶

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*Lancaster Goal, June 6, 1769.*

WAS committed to my custody, a certain SAMUEL LEONAND, who confesses to be a servant to George Spear, of Chester county; had on, when committed, a blue jacket, tow shirt and trowsers, an old hat, and old shoes; he is 5 feet 7 inches high, and slender made. This is to desire his master, if any he has, to come and pay his said servant's charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by

‡ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

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STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subscriber, in Upper Providence, Chester County, the 16th of the 5th Month, 1769, a bright bay HORSE, 4 Years old, about 14 Hands and a Half high, has a crooked Blaze in his Face, somewhat in the Shape of a Bill-Hook, paces and trots. Whoever takes up and secures the said Horse, so that the Owner may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, if stolen, and Thirty Shillings more for securing the Thief, and reasonable Charges, paid by GEORGE MILLER. ‡

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*New-Castle, June 16, 1769.*

RUN away on the 6th instant, at night, from Joseph Enos, a Negroe man, named Congamochu, alias Squingal, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, straight and slim, large white teeth, he has many large scars on his belly and arms, in his country fashion, talks very bad English, has a hole through one of his ears, and thought to be the right one, he has been inoculated for the small-pox in the left arm, but took no infection; had on, when he went away, an old cloth vest, without buttons, and a good pair of cloth breeches, open at the knees, both of a light colour, and a tow shirt; he was seen at the river shore, near New-Castle, the day after he went off; as he talked much of his wives, and country, it is thought he will endeavour to get off by water; this is to desire all masters of vessels, and others, not to carry off, nor harbour the said Negroe. Whoever takes up the said Negroe, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOSEPH ENOS.

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TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

*STRAYED away from the Subscriber, in Southwark, Philadelphia, the 31st of last month, a black milch COW, with a white face, a slit in one ear, and a bell about her neck, without a clapper. Whoever brings the same to the Subscriber, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by*

June 13, 1769. SAMUEL ROBBINS. §

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FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

*Little-Britain Township, Lancaster County, June, 1769.*

BETWEEN the sixth and seventh day,
MARY NOWLAND ran away;
Her age I know not, but appears
To be at least full twenty years;
The same religion with the Pope,
Short neck, scarce room to fix a rope;
Brown hair, red face, short nose, thick lips,
She's large and round from neck to hips;
Short, thick, and clumsey, in her jog,
As neat as any fatten'd hog.
Upon her tongue she wears a brogue,
And was she man, would be a rogue.
Old gown she wore of calicoe,
Would cover her down to the toe;
Her petticoat was linsey bright,
Striped up and down with blue and white.
Brown linen smock---and by your leaves,
It had a pair of whiten'd sleeves.
'Tis thought about two months ago
She stole, of gold, a full Half-Joe.
Whoever takes her up, don't fail
To lay her fast in any jail;
They will be as a friend regarded,
And, as above, shall be rewarded.
Who brings her home I will give them it,
Your humble servant, ABRAHAM EMMIT. ¶

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To be SOLD by public vendue, at the WIDOW WILLIAMS's, at the corner of Lombard and Front-streets, on Saturday, the 24th day of June, if not sold before by private sale,

A LARGE frame chaise shed, 90 feet by 15, and will contain 18 carriages, together with a good frame shop, 20 feet by 30, and is very suitable either for a carpenter or a cabinet maker: Both these buildings are on a lot of ground 40 feet front on Second-street, and 100 feet deep, opposite to Charles Coxe's, near the corner of Union-street, subject to a ground rent of 10l. per annum. The advantageous situation, for either of the above businesses, or almost any other (it being in a public part of the city) will render it very valuable to the purchaser. Any person inclinable to purchase before the day fixed for the sale, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM SCULL, in Union-street. The buyer may have 2 months credit, on giving good security. The said Scull carries on the business of chaise and harness making, as usual, in the neatest manner. He has a warranted eight day clock, with a neat mahogony case, which will be sold at the same time. ‡

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*Just published (Price 4d.) and sold by D. HALL, and W. SELLERS, at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,*

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, during their last Session.

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*Lancaster County, June 5, 1769.*

PURSUANT to a rule of court, of May term last, we the Subscribers, being appointed auditors to settle the accounts of Nicholas Bechtel, and adjust the demands of all the said Nicholas Bechtel's creditors, proportional to his creditors respective demands: These are therefore to give notice to all whom it may concern, that they do attend at Lebanon, in the said county, on the 14th day of July next, and bring in their accounts, properly attested, in order to be adjusted, by MICHAEL BRECHT, PHILIP MARSTELLER, and JOHN THONE, Auditors. ¶

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To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
Living in Goshen, Chester County, and within half a mile of the Sign of the Boot,

THE following lands and improvements; a good plantation, well improved, containing 114 acres, 20 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, Chester creek running through the same, the upland is divided into convenient fields, with water in each field, and a good brick house, with a well of good water at the door, a good barn, stables, sheds, good orchard, and many other conveniencies, not mentioned. Likewise about 50 acres of good land, adjoining the above place, with two tenements thereon, 12 acres cleared, a good orchard, and some meadow, and more may be made, two good log houses, cellared underneath, with a well of good water at each door, good blacksmith's and wheelwright's shops, partly opposite each other, on the great road. Both the above plantations are situated in the heart of a populous and thriving country, on the great road leading to Chester, where a great many waggons are daily going loaded with flour; the distance to Chester is 18 miles, to Philadelphia 25. For terms of sale, apply to the Subscriber, on the premises, ¶ AMOS DAVIS.

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*Chester County, June 6, 1769.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 3 o'clock, at Robert Moulder's tavern, in Marcus-Hook, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate in Marcus-Hook, alias Chichester aforesaid, near the market, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 200 feet; and also three other pieces of land and meadow ground, situate in the aforesaid place; the one piece being upland, and contains 8 acres; one other piece of meadow contains one acre and a quarter; and the other piece contains one acre; which last mentioned two pieces are good meadow; all late the estate of Robert Moulder; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Monday, the 26th instant, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or piece of land thereunto belonging, situate in East-Bradford township, in Chester county, containing 31 acres, and 95 perches of land, and allowance for roads, bounded by lands of Anthony Dougherty, Daniel Hoops, Thomas Hoops, and George Baldwin; late the estate of James Clark, seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Monday, the 26th instant, about 4 o'clock, at the house of Elisha Hughes, innholder, in East Nottingham, in the county of Chester, will be sold by vendue, a certain parcel of land, situate in the township of West Nottingham, in the county of Chester, containing about 70 acres, more or less; bounded by lands of William Buchanan, Jacob Reynolds, Joseph Reynolds, and other land of William Reynolds; late the estate of William Reynolds aforesaid; seized in execution, at the suit of Joseph Davies, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, more or less, situate in the township of West-Nottingham; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others. Also will be sold at the same time and place, a variety of houshold furniture, horses, cows, &c. and sundry smith's tools; late the estate and effects of Martha M'Kee, and Victor Craig; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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*Chester County, June 6, 1769.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, situate in the township of Uwchland, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of Thomas Guest, Joseph Phippe, David Roberts, and Brandywine Creek, containing 93 acres, more or less. At the same time and place will be sold a crop of wheat in the ground; late the estate and effects of Evan Harry, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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*Lancaster, May 29, 1769.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 26th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, at Martick Furnace, in Lancaster county, the said furnace, and a forge, together with upwards of 3400 acres of land, thereto belonging; the improvements at both furnace and forge are very good, viz. at the furnace, a good dwelling-house, stores, and compting-house, a large coal-house, with eight dwelling-houses for the labourers, a good grist-mill, smith and carpenter's shops, six good log stables, with four bays for hay, a number of pot-patterns, and some flasks for ditto, stove moulds, &c. &c. a good mine bank, abounding with plenty of ore, so convenient that one team can haul 3 loads a day, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more adjoining may be made; the forge is about 4 miles distant, now in good order, with 4 fires, 2 hammers, and very good wooden bellows, a dwelling-house, compting-house, with 6 dwelling-houses for the labourers, 2 very good coal-houses, large enough to contain 6 months stock, 3 stables, smith's and carpenter's shops, 2 acres of meadow made, about 1500 cords of wood cut in the woods, at both places; there is plenty of water at the said works, in the driest seasons, and they are situate in a plentiful part of the country, where they may be supplied with necessaries on the lowest terms; several slaves, and a good forge man, several teams, waggons, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith, James Wallace, and James Fulton; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JAMES WEBB, junior, Sheriff.

N. B. The forge and furnace will be sold together or separate.

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*Lancaster, May 29, 1769.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, the 28th day of June next, at two o'clock, a messuage, plantation, and tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situate in Strasburgh township, well known by the name of the Black Horse, being a well accustomed tavern many years, and perhaps as good a standing for public business as any in the county, with a good orchard and meadow. At the same time is to be sold sundry household goods, horses, cows, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

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Chester, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wednesday, the 28th Day of this instant June, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract or Piece and Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing 250 Acres, situate in the Township of West-Nantmell, in Chester County, bounded by Lands of Samuel M'Ilduff, Francis Alexander, Daniel Henderson, and Thomas Alford; late the Estate of James Scott; seized in Execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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Chester, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Thursday, the 29th Day of this instant June, on the Premises, at 3 o'Clock, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage, Plantation and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing about 200 Acres, be it more or less, situate in the Township of West-Nantmill, in the County of Chester, bounded by Lands of James Kerr, Joseph Kerr, James Douglass, and others; late the Estate of William Sheerer; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

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*Philadelphia, June 15, 1769.*

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the premises, the 27th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, if not sold by private sale before that time,

SUNDRY lots of land, adjoining the river Schuylkill, fronting the great road, leading from Reading to Philadelphia, and within 5 miles of the city, being part of the estate late of Edward Robeson, deceased.

On lot No. 1, containing about 15 acres, is a large commodious well finished stone dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, chaise-house, and sundry other small out-houses, and a well of very good water near the door; also one other stone house, suitable for a tenant, with a spring-house, and 5 acres of very good meadow, watered by a never failing stream, about 2 acres of orchard, with divers kinds of choice fruit trees, a good garden, and near 3 acres of woodland.

On lot No. 2, containing about 11 acres, is a stone dwelling-house, and near 4 acres of woodland.

Lot No. 3, containing about 12 acres, above 3 whereof are woodland.

Lot No. 4, containing 5 acres and a half of land.

The lots No. 1, 2 and 3, are extremely well situated for a gentleman's country seat, commanding a beautiful and extensive prospect of the river Schuylkill; the whole being very healthy and pleasant. Three months credit will be given the purchaser. A plan may be seen at the London Coffee-house.

All persons that have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts; and those that are indebted, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscribers, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an attorney. ANN ROBESON, Executrix; PETER ROBESON, OWEN JONES, junior, Executors. §

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WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of the government of the counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex, on Delaware, intituled, "An Act to enable the owners and possessors of the meadow, marsh and cripple, lying upon Nonsuch and Mill Creeks, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, in the hundred and county of New-Castle, on Delaware, to imbank and drain the same, to keep the outside banks and dams in good repair for ever, and to raise a fund for doing thereof;" the following pieces or parcels of marsh, meadow ground, and cripple, were duly rated, agreeable to the act aforesaid, viz. A piece or parcel of meadow ground, marsh, and cripple, deemed to contain 200 acres, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, Nonsuch, and the Mill Creeks, deemed the property of Joseph Lewdon. Also a piece of marsh or meadow ground, deemed to contain 35 acres, and adjoining marshes of Zachariah Van Leuvenigh, and Alexander Harvey, deemed the property of Matthias Morton. And whereas the owners of said marsh, &c. have refused or neglected to pay to the treasurer the said rate or assessment which, according to the said act, was assessed, and laid upon the said marsh, &c. for the repairing and supporting the banks and dams aforesaid. This is to give notice, that on Saturday, the 24th instant June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dam across Nonsuch, will be exposed to public sale, to the highest bidder, for the payment of the said tax or assessment, the marshes, meadow ground, or cripple above described, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing thereon, by reason of the non-payment or refusal thereof. ALEXANDER HARVEY, Manager. §

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TO be sold, or rented, by the Subscriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, on the 30th day of this instant June, the noted ONION's IRON-WORKS, situated in the county and province aforesaid, on the head of Gunpowder river, to wit, two forges, a furnace, grist-mill, and saw-mill, all of which in about 100 yards distance from each other, and a sufficient number of out-houses, such as dwelling-houses, smoke-houses, chair-house, carpenter's, and blacksmith's shops, stables, &c. and at the head of navigable water, where flats and scows may carry off the iron to the town of Joppa, where large craft may receive it, which is not above one mile from said works; together with about 8 or 9000 acres of land adjoining, chief of which is good farming land, and, with little expence, may be made a large quantity of good meadow; on said land is great plenty of iron ore, and wood within a small distance of said works. ZACCHEUS ONION. § 7/6.

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*AN Hundred and Thirty Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the enjuing Harvest, which are made with the utmost Care, will be sold at the lowest Rate, and insured good by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Prison, in Market-street.*

*N. B. A Servant Lad's Time to be disposed of by said Hendricks, who has about 4 Years to serve.* ‖

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FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

*ABSCONDED from his bail in Charlestown, Chester county, a certain THOMAS HAMER, of a small stature, about 30 years of age, of a dark complexion, with black hair, and black eyes, wears a short blue coat, an old white homespun ribbed everlasting jacket, lapelled; the rest of his cloathing uncertain, perhaps he may have on a blue hussar cloak; he was born in Providence township, Philadelphia county, near Schuylkill, served some time to the joiner's trade, is a middling handy fellow, but much addicted to romance, pretends to have been a great traveller, and brags much of his feats on board the Foudroyant man of war, and says he was carpenter's mate on board said ship. Whoever takes up said Thomas Hamer, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so as he may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by the Subscriber, living in Charlestown aforesaid,*

June 3, 1769. ¶ JOHN THOMAS.

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MADE his Escape from the Constable of Salem, on the 23d Day of May, a certain WILLIAM YOUNG, of Alloway's Creek, in the County of Salem, and Province of West-Jersey, a Taylor by Trade, of a middle Stature, and about 20 Years of Age. Whoever will take up said Young, and secure him, or send or bring him to the Subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by ALEXANDER MILLAR. ‖

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*PHILADELPHIA:* Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the